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# Fiscal Year 2020 (Ending March 31, 2021) 2nd Quarter Financial Results Briefing Session Materials

(Tokyo Stock Exchange Code: 6306) Nikko Co., Ltd.

Masaru Tsuji, President and Representative Director
Hiroshi Fujii, Managing Director and General Manager of the Financial Division
November 26, 2020

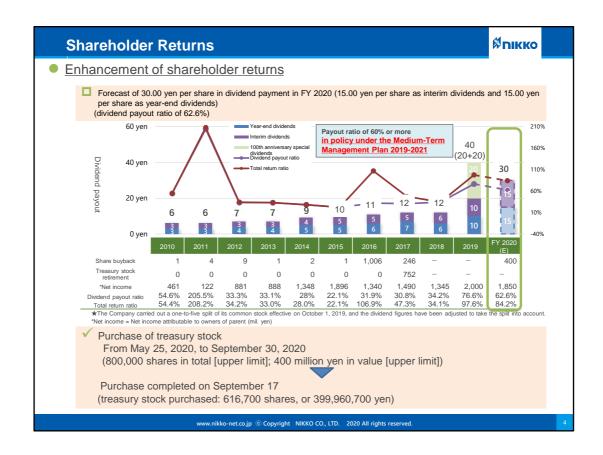
☐ In this briefing material, AP denotes asphalt plants in our business, and BP, concrete plants.

 □ President Tsuji will explain the impact of novel coronavirus, AP- and BP-related business environment, and promotion of sustainability; and

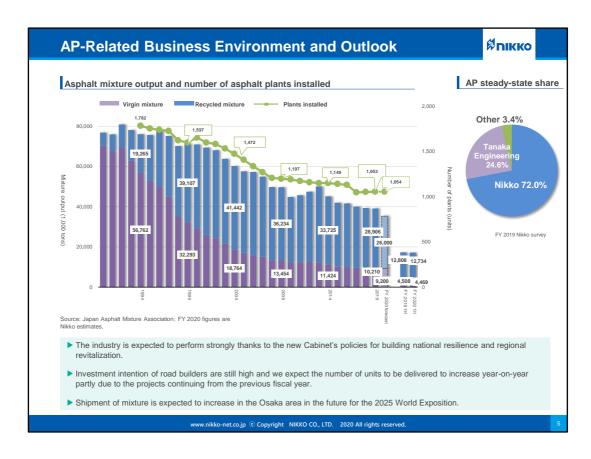
Financial Division General Manager Fujii will discuss the overview of the financial results for the second quarter of fiscal year 2020, and the outlook for the full fiscal year 2020.

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	nges in this document may differ from those in to the treatment of fractions less than unit.
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□Concerning the impact of the novel coronavirus, there was no impact on order receipt activities in Japan in the financial results for the first half, as orders outperformed the initial forecast.  While there were some variations between segments, sales as a whole progressed according to the plan.  We could not hold exhibitions and it was difficult for us to visit clients, so the divisions that needed to newly explore markets had difficulties improving the figures, but our existing business fields posted results that more than offset these negative impacts.
Overseas, Nikko Shanghai halted operations of its plant on January 31 and could not carry out regular operations till March 25, so there was a feeling that it was lagging behind.  Along with the delay in production, it was unable to engage in order receipt activities, so there was a very large impact in the first quarter. However, the business steadily recovered in the second quarter as the impact of the coronavirus subsided and it was able to absorb the portion brought over from the first quarter.  While Nikko Shanghai is still striving to make up for the lost time in the first half over the full year, it is expected to decline compared with normal years.
☐ There were almost no sales from exports in the first quarter. In the second quarter, though we are having business negotiations, some second-quarter projects have been postponed to the next fiscal year and the recovery within the current fiscal year seems difficult.
☐ As for Nikko Asia (Thailand), the Japanese staff headed by the president were able to enter the country in early October and they are currently pushing forward sales activities.

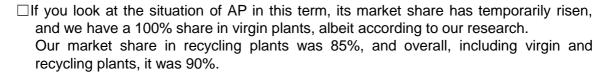


- □Regarding our policy on shareholder returns, we plan to pay an interim dividend of 15.00 yen per share and a year-end dividend of 15.00 yen per share for an annual dividend of 30.00 yen per share in fiscal year 2020. The dividend payout ratio is expected to be 62.6%.
- □We carried out purchase of treasury shares in the first half with the upper limit of 800,000 shares or 400 million yen in value, and we completed the purchase of 616,000 shares for about 400 million yen.

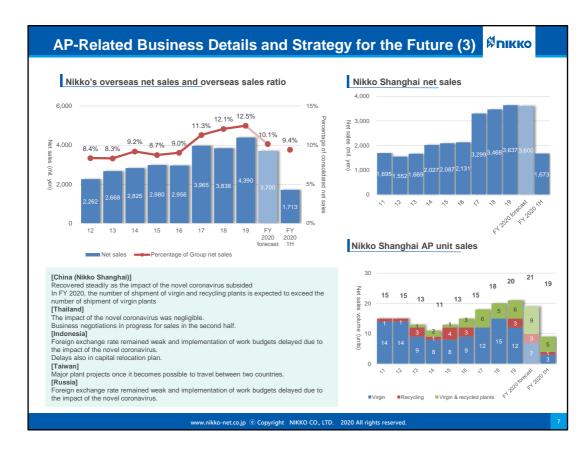


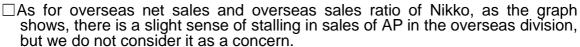
- □ In terms of the business environment for AP, both production volume of asphalt mixture and number of APs installed have been on the decline but there has been no sudden change in recent years and they have hit the bottom.
  - We believe that the number of APs installed would continue to be around 1,050 in the next fiscal year onwards.
- ☐ The new Japanese Cabinet took office and the industry sees no major change in its policy of building national resilience and regional revitalization and it is expected to perform strongly.
- □Road builders have strong capital investment appetite and we are expecting the number of units to be delivered to exceed the previous year's level.
  - In the near future, the volume of mixture shipment is expected to increase towards Expo 2025 Osaka, which we believe is a favorable factor for us.
- □On the graph, it appears as if the growth of both the number of units installed and mixture shipment volume are sluggish, but we are not considering it as a matter of concern, as we can strengthen maintenance service for existing plants and carry out activities to further improve our market share.





<sup>☐</sup> There is no need for being apprehensive based on the half-year performance, and the market share of AP in Japan increased, if you look at a snapshot of performance.





Overseas sales appeared to be leveling off for factors including the coronavirus but we were able to offset it with sales in Japan.

□ China was affected by the novel coronavirus but now it is recovering steadily. What appeared as a conspicuous trend for this term is that the demand for recycling increased as the roads in China improved, and as a result the number of plants that can handle both virgin and recycled materials, instead of virgin plants using only virgin materials, exceeded 50% of the sales volume for the first time.

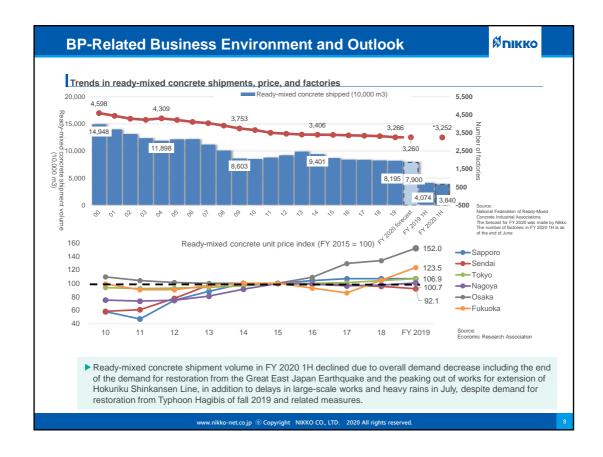
Like in Japan, China also appears to have entered the era of recycling and we believe this is a very advantageous trend for us.

☐ In Thailand, the number of people infected by the novel coronavirus is low, but travelers from Japan are shut out and it is very difficult to enter the country. In October, our Japanese staff were able to travel there and made a start, so we are planning to catch up from now.

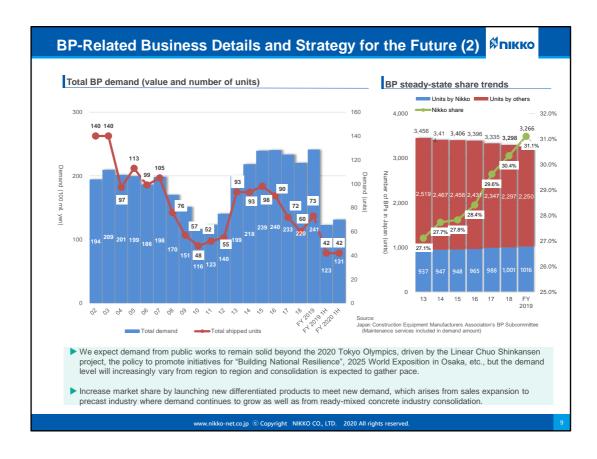
Business negotiations are in progress for sales in the second half and we have already received an order for a brand new small plant worth 85 million yen. We are also making progress with business negotiations for upgrade projects.

Particularly, we were able to receive an order of upgrade projects, in which we work on old plants and upgrade them, because we actually went into the local market.

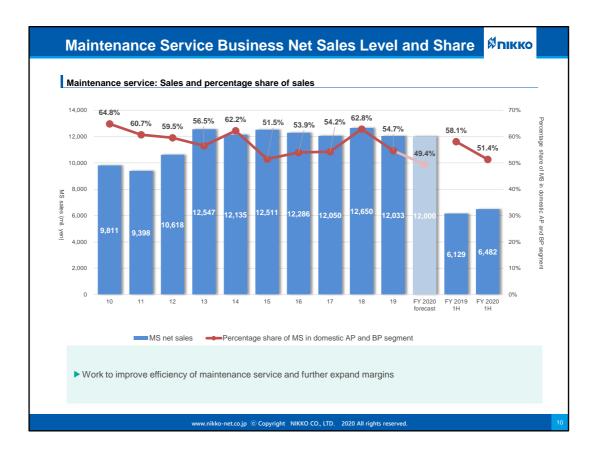
In Taiwan, we are somewhat lagging behind but still we have been making progress with business negotiations.



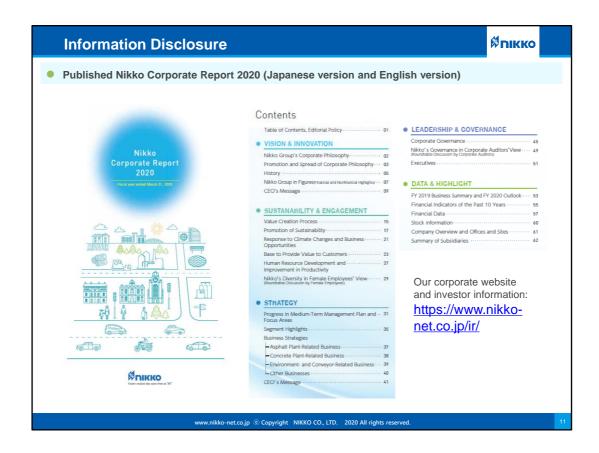
- □BP is tending towards a gradual decline, and there is a sense of it bottoming out now. This trend is expected to continue from the next fiscal year on.
- ☐ The unit price of ready-mixed concrete, though it fluctuates in each area, is showing a rising trend and the situation is good for customers to make capital investment. The trend is expected to continue in the next year and onwards.



- □ Public works projects continue to stay robust even after the postponement of the Tokyo 2020 Olympic Games, and we can expect a certain amount of public works projects although they vary by region.
- ☐We think plants themselves will be more consolidated.
- □The precast industry, which deals in making products with concrete, is expanding. There have been many inquiries for plants and sales have been increasing. We are making efforts to introduce new products as a new business in response to the consolidation of the ready-mix concrete industry, and we are considering growing our market share by differentiating ourselves from other companies.

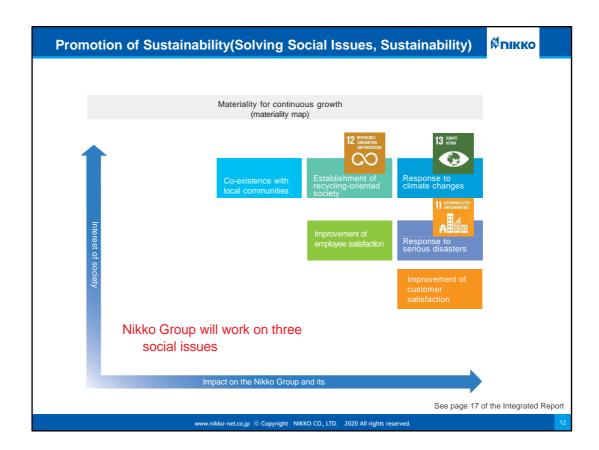


- □ In our plant business, sales ratio of maintenance services account for more than half, which excels that of products, and they are a significant factor in terms of profit composition.
- □ In the graph, maintenance services' composition ratio declined from 58.1% to 51.4% year on year but their sales increased. The ratio declined because product sales became very large, but the sales of maintenance services themselves are also increasing and it is not a matter of concern.

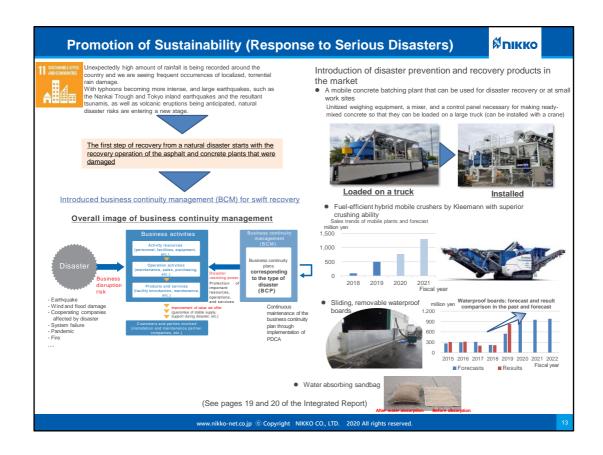


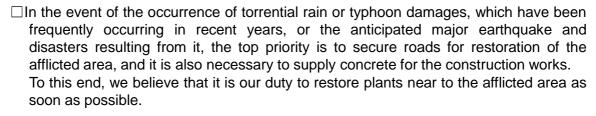
<sup>☐</sup> As part of information disclosure, we issue Nikko Group's Integrated Report.

The report is also available on our website. We hope you will take a look at it.



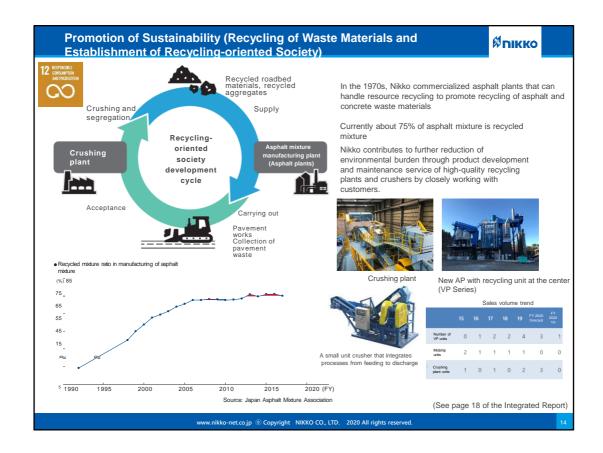
☐ To promote sustainability, Nikko Group will work on the three social issues of establishment of a recycling-oriented society, response to climate change, and response to serious disasters.





- ☐We will create a manual based on our experience so far and work with our customers to take measures for limiting disaster damages to the minimum.
- □We are also introducing new products for disaster recovery purposes in the market.
   We developed mobile BP, which can be taken to the sites and operated, so that it can be used at constricted work sites of disaster recovery. The product is selling well and has been rated highly by customers.

By developing such a plant, we would like to extend its use not only for disaster recovery but also in isolated islands or for narrow work sites on highways.



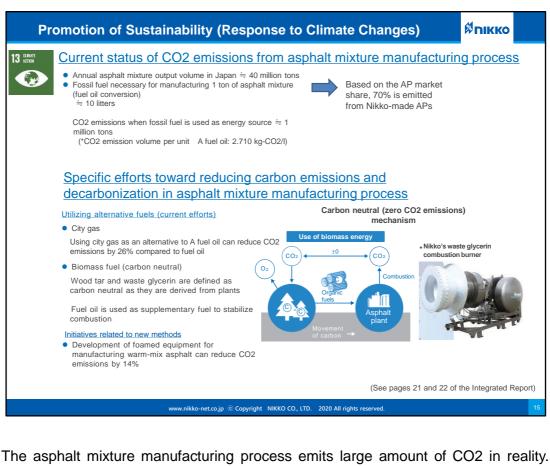
□Currently, asphalt mixture paved on roads are almost 100% being returned to the roads.

We are continuously developing machineries that enable efficient recycling.

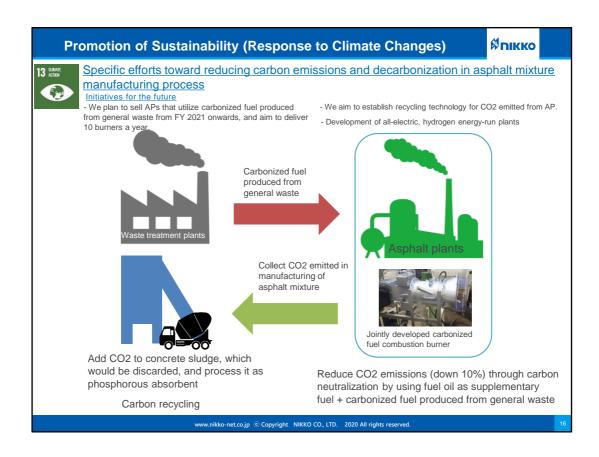
Currently, the recycled mixture ratio in manufacturing of asphalt mixture is about 75%. 75% of roads contain recycled waste materials.

We will continue to provide equipment involved in crushing and recycling required for this process.

☐ In addition, the number of recycling equipment we are supplying has been increasing in various fields including recycling of rare metal, waste plasterboards, and concrete sludge, which utilize our heat, crushing, and mixing and kneading technologies.



□The asphalt mixture manufacturing process emits large amount of CO2 in reality. It generates approximately 1 million tons of CO2 a year.  We account for about 70% of the AP market, so 700,000 to 800,000 tons of CO2 are emitted from the plants we have manufactured, and we believe we have a responsibility to keep pushing forward developments to reduce CO2 emissions to zero as much as we can.
□Utilization of alternative fuels for A fuel oil is one of the concrete measures for low-carbonization and decarbonization and we are building a good track record. It is still minuscule compared to the overall market, and we will promote it more and also enhance technology exchange with the fuel supply side.
□ As an initiative for a new construction method, we have been developing machinery for manufacturing warm-mix asphalt, which allows operation at a construction site with a finished temperature of 130° C for asphalt mixture as it is, compared with approx. 160—170° C currently, and their sales are increasing.
□We also have been carrying out various other initiatives for reducing the environmental burden.



□ As an initiative for the future, Kawasaki Heavy Industries has been leading the development of an incineration system for manufacturing carbonized fuel from general waste at waste treatment facilities, and we are participating in joint research for a mechanism for using the produced fuel at AP.

We aim to sell the products in fiscal year 2021 or later with a target of 10 units a year.

☐ We are also implementing many other activities and will disclose related information at appropriate timing.



## 1H FY 2020 Performance Highlights

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- All of net sales, operating income, ordinary income, and quarterly net income increased compared with the same period a year earlier
- -> p. 20 1H Performance Highlights (1)



- New orders received increased YoY (increased in all business divisions compared with the same period a year earlier)
  - -> p. 20 1H Performance Highlights (1)
    - p. 28 Trends in New Orders Received



- Net sales of mobile plants rose from 24 million yen in 1H FY 2019 to 375 million yen in 1H FY 2020

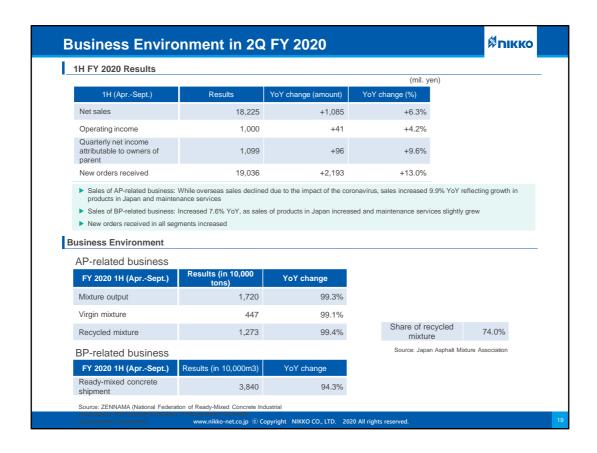


- Overseas business sales fell due to the impact of the novel coronavirus pandemic
  - -> p. 3 Impact of Novel Coronavirus
    - p. 7 AP-Related Business Details and Strategy for the Future (3)
    - p. 31 AP-Related Business (Japan vs. Overseas)

In the first half, even though sales were affected as overseas (exports and China) sales activities were suspended and manufacturing at factories in China was delayed due to the impact of the coronavirus infection, products in Japan performed strongly

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 $\square$  Sales and profits in this term increased over the previous year.

New orders received during the term increased 13% year on year, and orders, setting aside sales and profits, were very strong, and that is the characteristic of the first-half earnings results.

□ AP's overseas sales declined compared with a year earlier due to the impact of the coronavirus, but the strong sales within Japan more than offset the decline overseas.

All BP sales come from Japan and sales of both products and maintenance services increased from a year earlier.

□We are displaying the figures for asphalt mixture production volume and ready-mixed concrete shipment volume in the lower part for reference. Both of them slightly declined from a year earlier in this business environment.

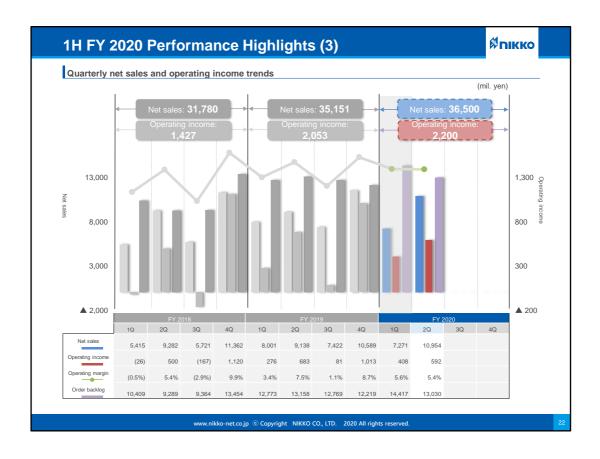
H FY 2020 Perfor		99	/		Й⊓ІККО
oY change of results					
<ul> <li>Sales: AP products in Japan (up 1,37 yen), conveyor-related (down 100 mi</li> </ul>			, Nikko Shanghai (down	530 million yen), expor	ts (down 290 million
Operating income: Increased due to:     Ordinary income: Special dividend fro     Orders: AP-related business (up 1,41 million yen), and other business (up     Order backlog: AP-related business (so     250 million yen), and other business (so	om Maeda Road Constru 0 billion yen), BP-relate 30 million yen). down 820 million yen), E	uction Co., Ltd. (up 340 d business (up 510 milli	million yen), and develo on yen), environment- a	nd conveyor-related bus	siness (up 180 elated business (up
	FY 2	2019		(mil. ye	
	1H actual	Full year actual	1H actual	YoY change	1H forecast
Net sales	17,140	35,151	18,225	+1,085 +6.3%	18,500
Operating income	959	2,053	1,000	+41 +4.2%	1,100
Operating margin	5.6%	5.8%	5.5%	(0.1 pt)	5.9%
Ordinary income	1,034	2,142	1,588	+554 +53.5%	1,550
Net income attributable to owners of parent	1,003	1,588	1,099	+96 +9.6%	1,050
New orders received	16,843	33,915	19,036	+2,193 +13.0%	17,000
Order backlog	13,158	12,219	13,030	(128) (1.0%)	10,719
					(yen
Exchange rate (EUR/JPY)	-	121.73	121.65	-	-
Exchange rate (RMB/JPY)		15.76	15.19		

 $\Box$  I have already explained the overview in an earlier page. In this page, we can see that operating margin came to 5.5%, almost the same as the previous year's level, but was short of the plan of 5.9% .

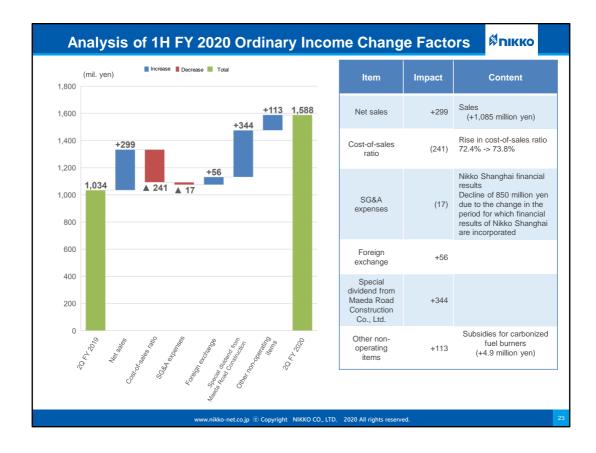
 $\square$  Order backlog was at a similar level as the same period a year earlier.

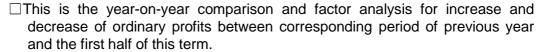
		FY 2	019		FY 2020	(mil. yen
		1H actual	Full year actual	1H actual	YoY change	1H forecast
	Net sales	8,667	17,518	9,527	+860 +9.9%	9,800
AP-related business	Operating income	676	1,118	640	(36) (5.3%)	630
	Operating margin	7.8%	6.4%	6.7%	(1.1 pt)	6.4%
	Net sales	4,569	9,158	4,918	+349 +7.6%	4,800
BP-related business	Operating income	297	761	486	+189 +63.6%	410
	Operating margin	6.5%	8.3%	9.9%	+3.4 pt	8.5%
Environment-	Net sales	1,353	2,634	1,059	(294) (21.7%)	1,200
and conveyor- related	Operating income	219	562	192	(27) (12.3%)	260
business	Operating margin	16.2%	21.3%	18.1%	+1.9 pt	21.7%
	Net sales	2,549	5,840	2,719	+170 +6.7%	2,700
Other business	Operating income	448	1,020	377	(71) (15.8%)	500
	Operating margin	17.6%	17.5%	13.9%	(3.7 pt)	18.5%
Corporate	expenses	(683)	(1,409)	(696)	+13	(700)
overseas net sales  Net sales of BP-rela  Net sales of enviror coronavirus	ated business: Overall net sal ated business: Plant products ment- and conveyor-related business: New businesses and	increased 14% from a ye business: Declined due to	ar earlier and their industry so decreases in sales activities	hare grew by agents and in facility ope	erating rates at users due to	the impact of the novel

□The AP-related business performed roughly in line with the plan. When we prepared the forecast, we did not imagine that the business in China would decline to this extent, and we could not make up for the lag in the first quarter in the second quarter.
☐ Sales from the BP-related business were roughly in line with the plan and profits exceeded the forecast and also outperformed the previous year's level.
□ In the environment- and conveyor-related business, there were no major environment-related plants and most of sales were related to conveyors. The results of the conveyor-related business were lower than the levels a year earlier as well as the planned figures partly because we could not have face-to-face business negotiations due to the impact of the coronavirus.
□ Sales from the other businesses roughly came in line with the plan and increased from a year earlier, but profit and profit margin declined from a year earlier. This was due to the major impact of a considerable decline in sales of highly profitable crushers at our subsidiary Maekawa Kogyosho.



- ☐ This graph shows the trends in net sales, operating income, operating margin, and order backlog by quarter.
- □ In the current fiscal year, if we look at the second quarter alone, the profitability declined from the previous year.
  - In the second half, the third quarter is when our business usually become lower. In the current fiscal year also, lots of AP and BP product sales are concentrating on the fourth quarter and we are expecting the third quarter to be slightly unfavorable in terms of figures.





- ☐ In the current fiscal year, profits rose as a result of sales increase.
  - Meanwhile, we had negative cost ratio and SG&A expenses.

In our case, cost-of-sales ratio rises when the ratio of products to sales increases and it improves when the ratio of products decline.

In this term, there were no major fluctuations that directly impacted the manufacturing cost, such as increases in raw material prices or cost of outsourcing. The cost-of-sales ratio worsened by 1.4 points because the ratio of products increased.

- ☐ The increase in SG&A expenses was limited to 17 million yen as a whole. In the previous fiscal year, we changed the period for which we incorporate Nikko Shanghai's financial results, due to which SG&A expenses appeared high in the previous fiscal year. This impact was not there in the current fiscal year, and the Nikko Shanghai portion gave a positive impact of 85 million yen, while consolidated SG&A expenses increased 17 million yen in total.
- ☐ In addition, there was more than 300 million yen in special dividends from Maeda Road Construction, which contributed to the year-on-year increase in ordinary profit.

					(mi	I. yen)
		2Q/FY 2019	2Q/FY 2020	Change	Main factors in year-on-ye	ear change
Accets	Current assets	31,045	30,569	(476)	Increase: Notes and accounts receivable-trade Electronically recorded monetary claims Raw materials and supplies Decrease: Cash and deposits Finished goods and merchandise	+489 mil. yen +799 mil. yen +248 mil. yen (1,811) mil. yen (270) mil. yen
Assets	Property and equipment	6,859	8,295	+1,435	Increase: Buildings and structures  Machinery, equipment and vehicles	+411 mil. yen +295 mil. yen
	Intangible assets	404	471	+66	Land Deferred tax assets	+759 mil. yen +195 mil. yen
	Investments and other assets	7,030	6,549	(481)	Decrease: Construction in progress Investment securities	(108) mil. yen (611) mil. yen
Total assets		45,340	45,885	+545		
iabilities	Current liabilities	11,740	12,533	+792	Increase: Electronically recorded monetary claims Short-term loans payable Other	+233 mil. yen +393 mil. yen +290 mil. yen
.iabilities	Long-term liabilities	2,764	2,939	+175	Decrease: Notes and accounts payable-trade	(234) mil. yen
Total net assets		30,835	30,413	(422)	Increase: Retained earnings Decrease: Treasury stock Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	+134 mil. yen (385) mil. yen (281) mil. Yen
Net assets	per share (yen)	795.25	795.75	+0.50		
				ffective on October 1		

☐ This shows transition of figures in balance sheet and it compares with those at the end of September last year.

Although there was almost no change in total assets and no major movement was observed in net assets, which slightly fell, there were considerable changes in each accounts.

Accounts receivable-trade increased because sales increased in the current fiscal year.

☐ Meanwhile, property and equipment rose significantly.

It was because of our proactive capital investment including those on factories and purchase of land for the Thai manufacturing subsidiary.

☐ Share buyback had the largest impact on the slight decline in net assets.

We actively sold shares held in strategic shareholding, and investment

we actively sold shares held in strategic shareholding, and investment securities also declined.

☐ As a result, cash and cash equivalents declined about 1.8 billion yen.

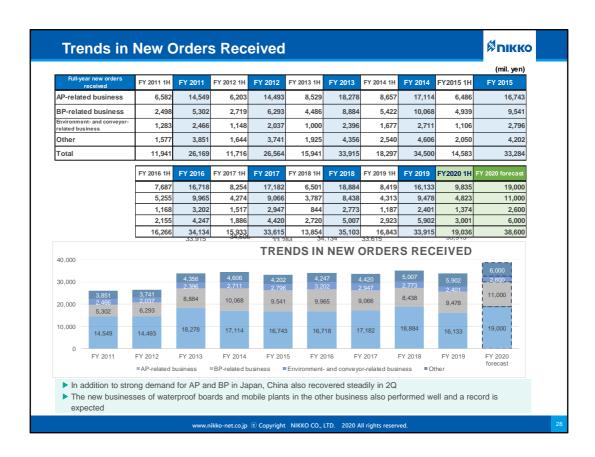


Revised the fu	II-year fore	casts for	new orde	rs receive	d and orde	er backlog	). (mil. yei			
	FY 20	19	FY 2020							
		Full year actual	2H forecast (new)	Full year forecast (new)	YoY change (full year)	2H (initial)	Full year forecast (initial)			
Net sales	18,011	35,151	18,275	36,500	+1,349 +3.8%	18,000	36,500			
Operating income	1,094	2,053	1,200	2,200	+147 +7.2%	1,100	2,200			
Operating margin	6.0%	5.8%	6.6%	6.0%	+0.2pt	6.1%	6.0%			
Ordinary income	1,108	2,142	1,112	2,700	+558 +26.1%	1,150	2,700			
Net income attributable to owners of parent	585	1,588	751	1,850	+262 +16.5%	800	1,850			
New orders received	17,072	33,915	20,607	38,600	+1,085 +13.8%	18,000	35,000			
Order backlog	12,219	-	13,030	14,372	+2,103 +9.9%	10,719	-			
Exchange rate (EUR/JPY)	_	121.73	124.00	122.82	-	-	118.00			
Exchange rate (RMB/JPY)	_	15.76	15.90	15.54	-	-	15.50			

- □We have retained all figures of the full-year performance outlook from net sales to net income.
- ☐ The full-year outlook of order receipt was initially about 35 billion yen, but now we expect 38.6 billion yen, which is a large increase in orders.
- ☐ As a result, the order backlog will also increase by about 2 billion yen compared to last year, and we expect a good start to the next fiscal year.

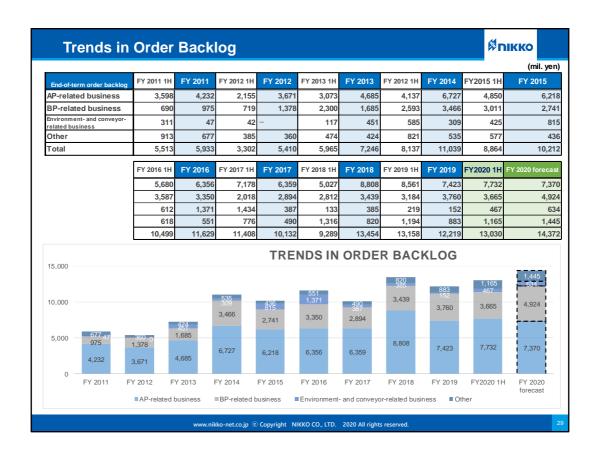
Revised	forecast	s for eac	h busines:	s segmen	it			(mil. yen
		FY	2019					
			Full year actual	1H actual	2H forecast (new)	Full year forecast (new)	2H forecast (initial)	Full year forecas (initial)
	Net sales	8,851	17,518	9,527	9,473	19,000	8,600	18,400
AP-related business	Operating income	442	1,118	640	610	1,250	540	1,170
	Operating margin	5.0%	6.4%	6.7%	6.4%	6.6%	6.2%	6.3%
	Net sales	4,589	9,158	4,918	4,782	9,700	4,600	9,400
BP-related business	Operating income	464	761	486	484	970	390	800
	Operating margin	10.1%	8.3%	9.9%	10.1%	10.0%	8.5%	8.5%
Environment-	Net sales	1,281	2,634	1,059	1,141	2,200	1,500	2,700
and conveyor- related	Operating income	343	562	192	208	400	310	570
business	Operating margin	26.8%	21.3%	18.1%	18.2%	18.2%	20.7%	21.1%
	Net sales	3,291	5,840	2,719	2,881	5,600	3,300	6,000
Other business	Operating income	572	1,020	377	603	980	560	1,060
	Operating margin	17.4%	17.5%	13.9%	20.9%	17.5%	17.0%	17.7%
Corporate e	xpenses	(726)	(1,409)	(696)	(704)	(1400)	(700)	(1,400)

- □We did not revise our forecasts of overall full-year sales and profits but we did correct those of the segments based on the results for the first half and projects expected in the second half onwards.
  □We made slight upward revisions to the sales and profits of AP from the initial forecasts, as its sales within Japan is performing strongly, and despite the delay of businesses in Shanghai in the first quarter it is catching up from the second quarter.
  □We also revised up the forecasts for BP by considering order receipt situation.
- □We revised down the forecasts for the environment- and conveyor-related business, given the results for the first half and because there is no upcoming major environment-related projects and both sales and profits of the conveyorrelated business are expected to decline.
- ☐We also slightly revised down the figures in other businesses compared with the initial forecasts.
  - In the first half in particular, profit declined compared with last year, but we revised it considering the fact that public work-related floodgate projects concentrate in March.

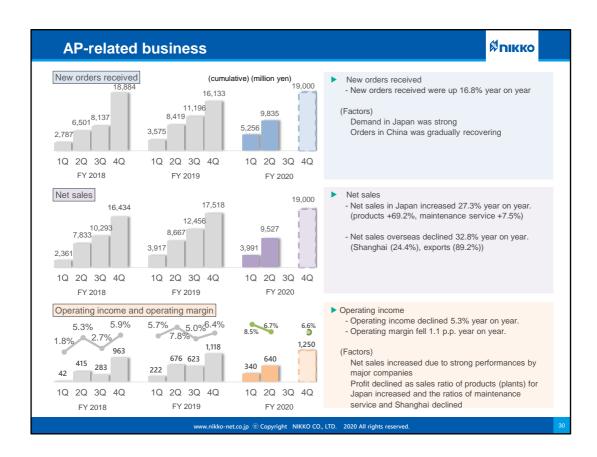


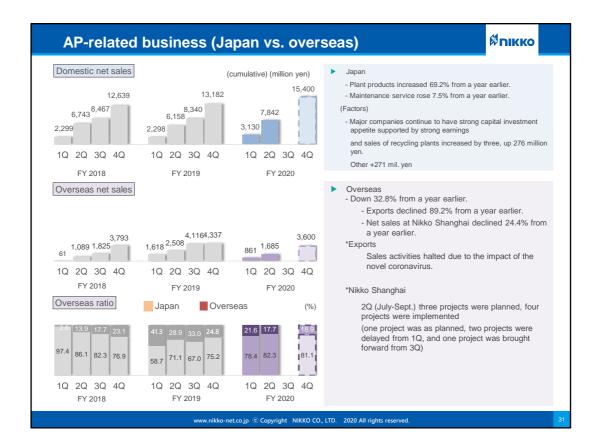
☐We expect 38.6 billion yen in new orders in this term.

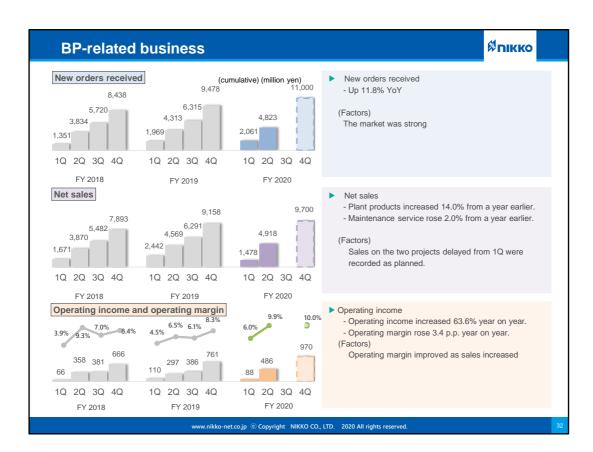
This is the highest order receipt estimate in the past 10 years.

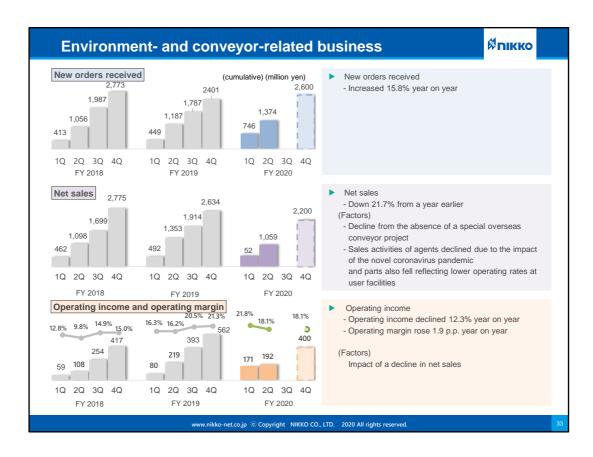


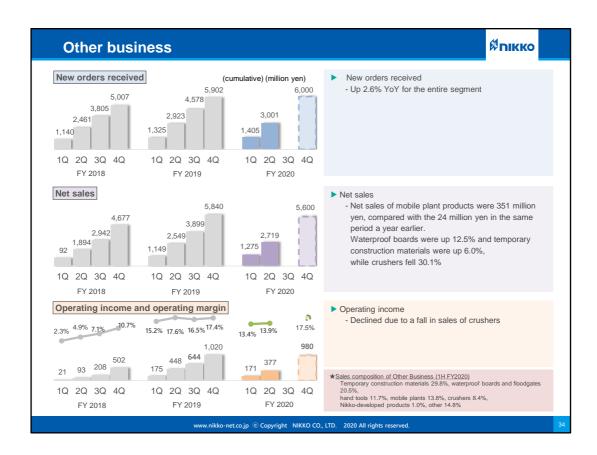
☐ We expect order backlog of 14.3 billion yen for the end of the current fiscal year, which is again a record in the past 10 years.

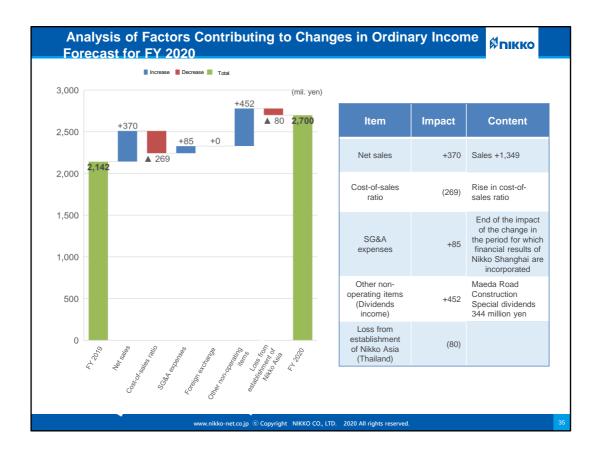


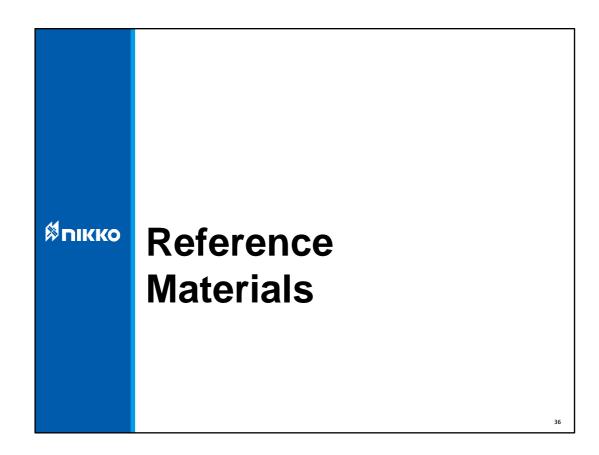








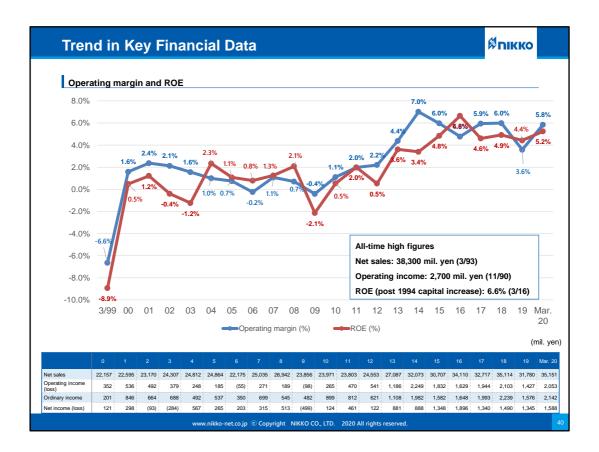




_						·					(mil. y		
			FY 2	018			FY 2	019			FY 2	020	
		1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q
Net	sales	5,415	9,282	5,721	11,362	8,001	9,139	7,422	10,589	7,271	10,954		
	AP-related business	2,361	5,472	2,460	6,140	3,917	4,750	3,789	5,062	3,991	5,536		
	BP-related business	1,671	2,199	1,612	2,410	2,442	2,127	1,722	2,867	1,478	3,440		
	Environment- and conveyor- related business	462	636	601	1,075	492	861	561	720	524	535		
	Other business	921	973	1,048	1,734	1,149	1,400	1,350	1,941	1,275	1,444		
Ope	erating income	(26)	500	(167)	1,120	276	683	81	1,013	408	592		
	AP-related business	42	373	(132)	680	222	454	(53)	495	340	300		
	BP-related business	66	292	23	285	110	187	89	375	88	398		
	Environment- and conveyor- related business	59	49	146	163	80	139	174	169	114	78		
	Other business	21	72	115	294	175	273	196	376	171	206		
	Corporate expenses	(216)	(286)	(318)	(302)	(313)	(370)	(322)	(404)	(305)	(391)		
	Ordinary income	87	508	(142)	1,123	361	673	129	979	979	609		
Net i	income attributable to owners of parent	130	434	(2)	783	270	733	(33)	618	746	353		
(	Cash flow from operating												
	activities Cash flow from investing activities		(21				3,83						
	Total dividend	267		229	-	229	-	775	_	775	-		_
	Share buyback						0	**************					÷

												(mil. ye	
New orders received	FY 2018					FY 2019				FY 2020			
(cumulative)	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q (E)	
AP-related business	2,787	6,501	8,137	18,884	3,575	8,419	11,196	16,133	5,256	9,835		19,000	
BP-related business	1,351	3,834	5,720	8,438	1,969	4,313	6,315	9,478	2,061	4,823		11,000	
Environment- and conveyor- related business	413	1,056	1,987	2,773	449	1,187	1,787	2,401	746	1,374		2,600	
Other	1,140	2,461	3,805	5,007	1,325	2,923	4,578	5,902	1,405	3,001		6,000	
Total	5,693	13,854	19,650	35,103	7,320	16,843	23,877	33,915	9,469	19,036		38,600	
End-of-term order		FY 2	018		FY 2019				FY 2020				
backlog	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q (E)	
AP-related business	6,784	5,027	4,203	8,808	8,466	8,561	7,548	7,423	8,688	7,732		7,370	
BP-related business	2,575	2,858	3,132	3,439	2,967	3,184	3,464	3,760	4,342	3,665		4,924	
Environment- and conveyor- related business	338	345	675	385	342	219	258	152	373	467		634	
Other	710	1,058	1,352	820	997	1,194	1,498	883	1,013	1,165		1,445	

R&I	<u>Expenses</u>	and I	Nonfin:	<u>ancial</u>	Data					NII 🕅	
		EV 0044	EV 0040	EV 0040	EV 0044	EV 0045	EV 0040	EV 0047	EV 0040	(mil. ye	n) FY 2020
		FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	forecast
Capital in	vestment	292	335	844	815	877	1,261	550	1,889	1,483	1,80
Depreciatio	n and amortization	432	389	395	422	487	482	472	508	611	70
R&D expe	enses	239	256	295	276	227	271	291	211	379	35
									(pers	sons, years	old, or ye
Employees (d	consolidated):	775	763	767	796	803	797	807	799	838	
Average age of consolidated)	f employees (non-	44.2	44.7	43.3	43.1	42.2	42.3	42.2	40.9	41.1	
Average years consolidated)	of service (non-	21.5	21.2	20	19.3	18.2	18.5	18.3	16.0	15.8	
Female employ	vees (non-consolidated)	28	31	31	33	39	42	42	45	51	
Number of new consolidated)	-graduate hires (non-	13	15	21	21	30	17	19	15	14	
	ale new-graduate hires	1	0	1	3	1	2	0	0	0	
	female hires (non-	7.6%	0%	4.7%	14.2%	3.3%	11.7%	0%	0%	0%	
	ign-national hires (non-	1	0	6	0	0	0	1	1	0	
Number of fore	eign-national employees	2	2	8	6	6	6	7	8	5	
(non-consolida Foreign nation		92	90	91	95	94	93	101	98	116	
(consolidated)  Overseas em	ployees (consolidated)	92	90	91	95	92	91	101	98	123	
New produ	cts for reducing enviro							_			
	FY 2013	F`	<b>/</b> 2014	F`	Y 2015	F۱	2016	FY	2017	FY	2018
Name of new products	[Sand dryer] [High temperature preheating burner]	[NTB	-II burner]	[New ba	g filter mode	[VP s	[VP series AP]		-	[Foamed AS manufacturing equipment]	
Target for reduction of environmental burden	ction of inmental productivity -Improved combustion efficiency in		-Energy s -Reduced volume			-Prevention of odorous gas diffusion from recycled materials		-		-Capable of manufacturing of wa mix asphalt	







Products		Production Sites		Overseas Expansion		Group Expansion in Japan (including acquisitions and transfer of business)	
1919	Established TOMBO brand farming tools	1919	Head Office Plant	1994	Nikko Baumaschinen (Germany)	1968	Ichiishi Kogyosho (M&A)
1951	Concrete mixers and winches	1938	Industrial machinery factory	1997	Taipei branch (Taiwan)	1971	Nikko Electronics Co., Ltd. established
1956	Ready-mixed concrete plant	1968	Tokyo factory	2001	Nikko (Shanghai) Construction Machinery	1983	Nikko Machinery Co., Ltd. established
1958	Asphalt plants	1994	Satte factory	2010	Shangtui Chutian Construction Machinery	1994	Tombo Industry Co., Ltd. established
1962	Telescopic steel props	2004	Shanghai Jiading factory	2020	Nikko Asia (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	1995	Nikko Sec Co., Ltd. establish
1963	Pipe scaffolding	2014	Kakogawa factory	2020	Nikko Nilkhosol Co., Ltd. (Thailand)	2002	Niigata Engineering (transfer of business)
1966	Conveyor system	2016	Fukusaki factory			2006	Mitsubishi Heavy Industries (transfer of business)
1983	Floodgates					2008	Maekawa Kogyosho (M&A)
2000	System for cleaning oil-polluted soil						
2001	Waste plastic treatment system						
2007	Concrete pumps						
2015	Crusher (import and sales)						

## **Nikko Group Business Vision**

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# **Nikko Group Business Vision**

Future creation that starts from an ""

We strive to remain the leading company of asphalt and batching plants.

We aim to expand our overseas business and become the top manufacturer in the  $\mbox{\sc Asian}$  market.

We will work to brush up on our core technologies in "heating," "mixing," "material handling" and "control" as we expand business.

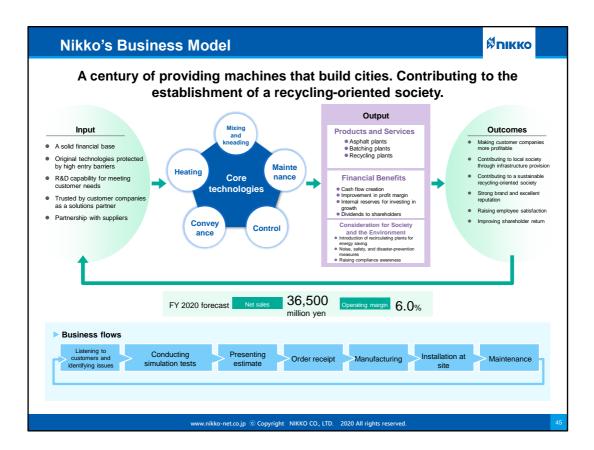
We will strive to remain a future-creating company ready to contribute to society.

Representative Director and President





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### Please feel free to contact us if you desire a meeting or have other requests.

(Online meetings and meetings in Tokyo also can be arranged.)

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Contact: Hachiken, Finance Division, Nikko Co., Ltd.

- Future projections and other forward-looking statements in this material were prepared based on information currently available
  to the management.
- These statements contain risks and uncertainties, such as changes in performance outlook due to the financial situation for the Company in Japan and abroad, industry trends, product demand and supply, advances in new technology, and other factors.
   Accordingly, investment decisions should not be made based only on the forward-looking statements in this material.
- Note also that forward-looking statements in this material are subject to change without prior notice, except where procedures
  are required by law.

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