



Fiscal Year 2019 (Ending March 31, 2020) 3rd Quarter Financial Results Briefing Session Materials

February 18, 2020

Nikko Co., Ltd.

(Tokyo Stock Exchange Code: 6306)

Hiroshi Fujii, Managing Director and General Manager of Financial Division

☐ In this briefing material, AP denotes asphalt plants in our business and BP denotes concrete plants.

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Change in Consolidation Method of Two Overseas Subsidiaries	p . 3
Information Disclosure	p. 4
Topics	p . 5
Business Climate and Results in 3Q FY 2019	p p. 6-19
Reference Materials	p p. 20-24
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Change in Consolidation Method of Two Overseas Subsidiaries

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Among our consolidated subsidiaries, we were using financial statements as of December 31 for the two overseas consolidated subsidiaries (including Nikko (Shanghai) Construction Machinery Co., Ltd.) with fiscal term ending December 31, and then, making necessary adjustments on important transactions that took place before the consolidated account closing date.

In order to have more appropriate grasp of the company's operational situations and improve disclosure of quarterly consolidated financial statements, we adopted a consolidation method in which we work out provisional results of these companies on March 31, the consolidated account closing date, from the first quarter of the financial period under review.

Due to this change, the consolidated cumulative third quarter of the financial period under review consolidates accounts of these two companies, covering the 12-month period from January 1, 2019 to December 31, 2019.

Impact of the change in fiscal term of the overseas subsidiaries is as follows:

New orders received: +417 mil. yen Net sales: +1,438 mil. yen Operating income: +50 mil. yen

★ Nikko Shanghai's results in real term

YoY change (Jan.-Dec.)

New orders received: +752mil. yen; net sales: +258 mil. yen; operating income: +126 mil. yen

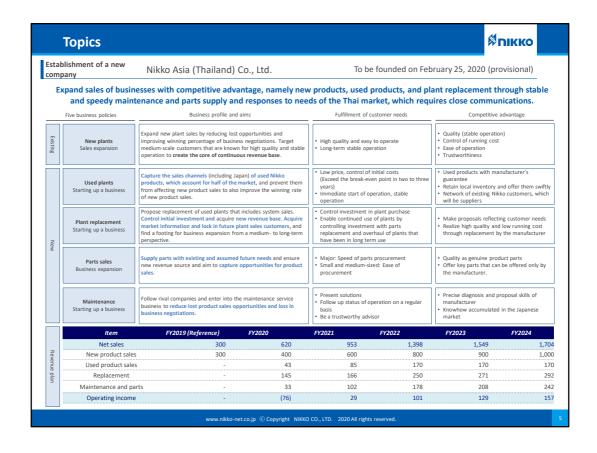
☐ From this fiscal year, we changed the consolidation method of overseas consolidated subsidiaries and I will explain its impact as of the third quarter.

☐ The impact of the change as of the time of the account settlement is up 417 million yen in new orders received, up 1,438 million yen in net sales, and up 50 million yen in operating income.

☐ As for the actual results of Nikko Shanghai in fiscal year 2019, we compared the result for the January-December period of 2019 against the same period of 2018 and new orders received was up 752 million yen, net sales up 258 million yen, and operating income up 126 million yen.



- ☐ As to information disclosure, we published our first integrated report in fiscal year 2019.
- □ In 2020, we plan to prepare and publish an advanced integrated report with an enhanced ESG viewpoint, and so on.



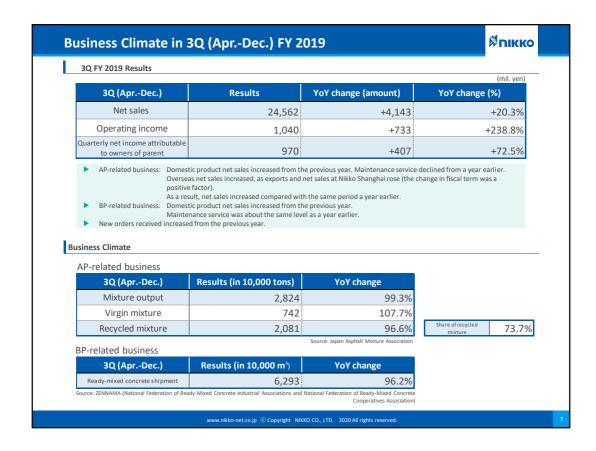
☐ We announced our plan to establish a company in Thailand on February 25.

For the time being, the company will focus on maintenance and sales of AP without a manufacturing base.

- ☐ The purpose of establishing a base in Thailand is part of our medium-term strategy to take on the ASEAN region considering it as the next overseas market after China.
- ☐ We are establishing this base in Thailand this time, and in the future, we plan to use Thailand as our hub to expand our sales area into ASEAN member countries.
- Some of you may be interested in how successful we are in Thailand. In fact, the Nikko brand is quite well known to companies who could be our potential customers. Although we did not sell to them directly in the past, a large number of used Nikko products have been supplied to Thailand from Japan. Probably, a third to half of plants in the Thai market are made by Nikko.
- We spent more than a year preparing for our entry into the Thai market by doing market research, interviews with customers, and so on. As a result, we judged that there is a limit to what we can do by exporting from Japan, and that we do have a sufficient chance of succeeding by creating a local base with maintenance service function and selling our products.
- We have formulated a five-year business plan. Though we are expecting a loss in the first fiscal year of fiscal year 2020, we have a good chance of succeeding in generating profits from the second fiscal year on.



Business Climate and Results in 3Q FY 2019



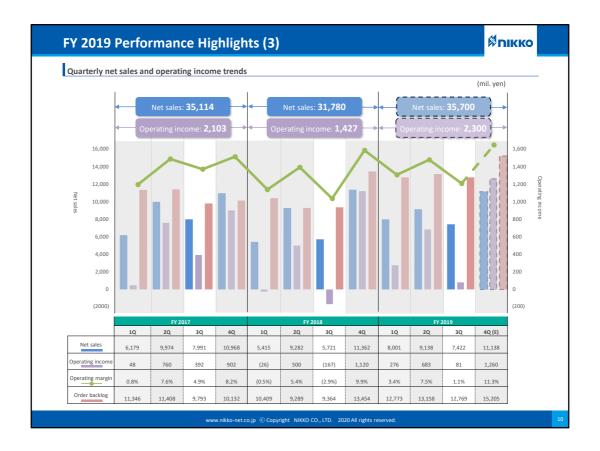
- □ In the third quarter, both sales and profit significantly increased compared with the same period a year earlier. Since the first quarter of this fiscal year, our performance has been exceeding the previous year's level.
- ☐ As for the business climate, the mixture output in AP was 99.3% of the previous year's level, or almost the same.
- Ready-mixed concrete shipment was 96.2% of the previous year probably due to the impact of the end of Olympics-related demand.

	FY 2	018			(mil. ye			
	3Q Actual	3Q (cumulative) Actual	3Q Actual	YoY change	3Q (cumulative Actual	YoY change	Full-year progress	Full-year forecast
Net sales				+1,701		+4,143		
rectatics	5,721	20,418	7,422	+29.7%	24,562	+20.3%	68.8%	35,700
Operating income				+248		+733		
	(167)	307	81	_	1,040	+238.0%	45.2%	2,300
Operating margin	(2.9%)	1.5%	1.1%	-	4.2%	_	-	6.4%
Ordinary income				+271		+709		
Ordinary income	(142)	453	129	-	1,163	+156.5%	46.5%	2,500
Quarterly net income				(31)		+408		
attributable to owners of	(2)	562	(33)	-	970	+72.5%	48.5%	2,000
New orders received				+1,238		+4,227		
New orders received	5,796	19,650	7,034	+21.3%	23,877	+21.5%	63.8%	37,450
Order backlog	-	9,364	-	-	12.769	+3,405 +36.3%	-	15,205
								(yer
Exchange rate (EUR/JPY)	-	130.56	-	-	122.16	(8.40)	-	121.18
Exchange rate (RMB/JPY)	-	16.76	-	-	15.82	(0.94)	-	15.66
 Net sales of domestic A Net sales of domestic B Overseas net sales: Exp Net sales impact of the 	P business: + orts +288 mi	796 mil. yen ' I. yen YoY. Ne	YoY t sales at Nikl	-		. yen YoY (12	months)	

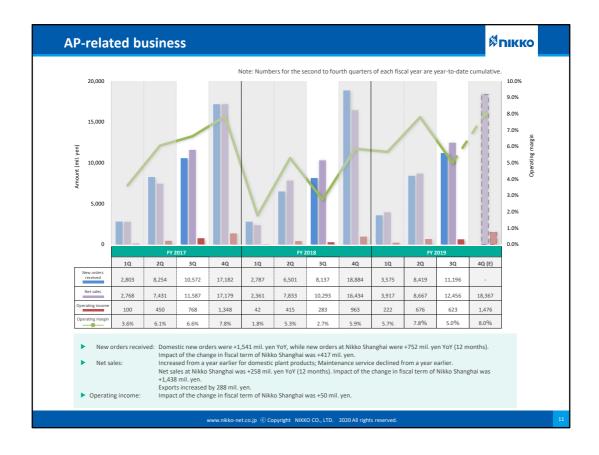
- □ Please refer to the figures in the tables for the performance highlights such as sales and profits. In this slide, I would like to focus on new orders received and order backlog.
- New orders received through the third quarter of this fiscal year totaled 23,877 million yen, registering a significant order increase of 4,200 million yen compared with the same period a year earlier. It was not that growth was limited to just one particular segment. All segments registered growth.
- ☐ Order backlog also increased 3,400 million yen from a year ago to 12,769 million yen, as new orders received increased.
- ☐ For the full year, both new orders received and order backlog are also expected to increase significantly as of the end of the fiscal year compared with the previous year.

		FY 20	18		FY 2019						
		3Q Actual	3Q (cumulative) Actual	3Q Actual	YoY change	3Q (cumulative) Actual	YoY change	Full-year progress	Full-year forecast		
	Netsales	2,460	10,293	3,789	+1,329 +54.0%	12,456	+2,163 +21.0%	68%	18,367		
AP-related business	Operating income	(132)	283	(53)	– (59.8%)	623	+340 +120.1%	42%	1,476		
	Operating margin	(5.4%)	2.7%	(1.4%)	-	5.0%	-	_	8.0%		
	Netsales	1,612	5,482	1,722	+110 +6.8%	6,291	+809 +14.8%	67%	9,369		
BP-related business	Operating income	23	381	89	+66 +287.0%	386	+5 +1.3%	55%	697		
	Operating margin	1.4%	7.0%	5.2%	-	6.1%	-	_	7.4%		
Environment-	Netsales	601	1,699	561	(40) (6.7%)	1,914	+215 +12.7%	68%	2,803		
and conveyor- related	Operating income	146	254	174	+28 +19.2%	393	+139 +54.7%	82%	479		
business	Operating margin	24.3%	14.9%	31.0%	_	20.5%	_	_	17.1%		
	Netsales	1,048	2,942	1,350	+302 +28.8%	3,899	+957 +32.5%	76%	5,159		
Other business	Operating income	115	208	196	+81 +70.4%	644	+436 +209.6%	68%	948		
	Operating margin	11.0%	7.1%	14.5%	_	16.5%	_	_	18.4%		
Corporate expenses		(318)	(820)	(322)	+4	(1.005)	+185	77%	(1,303)		
► AP-related busi ► BP-related busi ► Environment- a	ness:	Ove well Ove Net year	Down 1.5% YOY, as domestic sales of maintenance service business declined, while those of products increased. Overseas net sales rose 125.4% YoY, reflecting increases in exports and net sales at Nikko Shanghai as well as the change in fiscal term. Overall net sales of the business increased 21.0%. Net sales increased 14.8% YoY, as those of products grew while those of maintenance services were unchanged from a year earlier. Net sales of both environmental products and conveyors grew, increasing 12.7% YoY.								

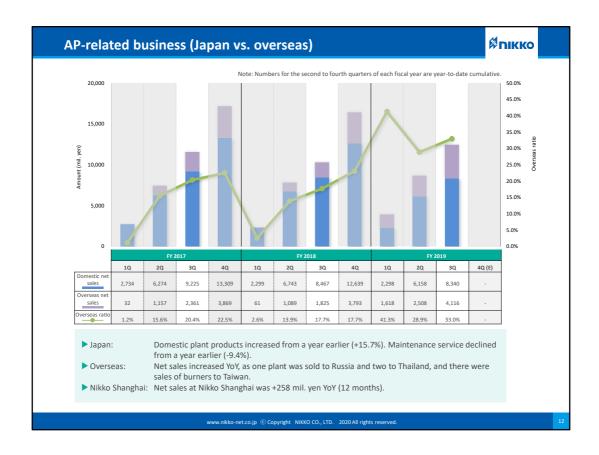
- By segment, progress as of the end of the third quarter appears to be slightly weak against the full-year forecasts, but it is within the range of our prediction as of now, given the fact that sales and profits are usually concentrated on the fourth quarter. However, the results for the segments slightly vary.
- ☐ AP is slightly weak compared with the forecast while other and conveyer businesses have been stronger than the forecasts. BP has been roughly in line with the forecast.
- ☐ The slight weakness in AP is due to exports and maintenance service in Japan faring slightly worse than the forecasts.



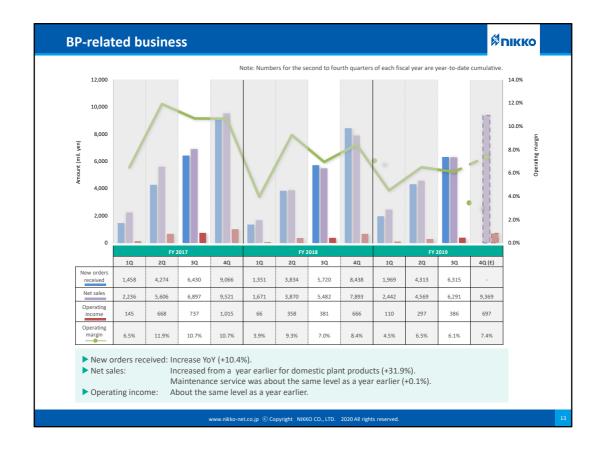
- ☐ This slide shows net sales, operating income, operating margin, and order backlog by quarter.
- ☐ In the third quarter of fiscal year 2019, the loss in the third quarter of the previous fiscal year turned into profit as sales increased.
- □ In the fourth quarter, we need to maintain the sales level roughly the same as the fourth quarter of the previous year and increase profit a little, but we still think they would be the same level as the regular year.



- ☐ In the AP-related business, orders in Japan increased about 1,500 million yen compared with a year earlier, performing strongly.
- Net sales of plant products in Japan increased but those of maintenance service declined.
- ☐ The reason for the decline in net sales of maintenance service is because we started the third quarter by putting a brake on orders for maintenance service for internal reason.
- As to this fiscal year, since we originally had order backlog of large-scale projects for AP and BP products from the beginning, we assumed that we would not be able to handle large units which require designing contents of maintenance service followed before manufacturing. This is why sales of maintenance remained slightly low through the third quarter.
- We expect to recover almost to the budget level in the fourth quarter.

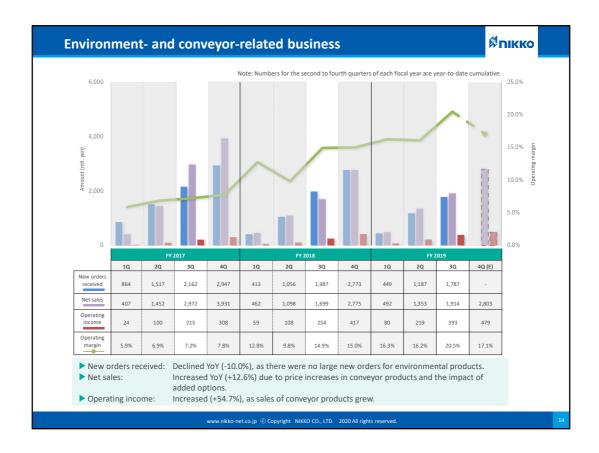


- ☐ This is a breakdown of Japan and overseas.
- □ Overseas, Nikko Shanghai continues to be robust. Exports rose compared with the previous year but remained sluggish compared with the budget.
- ☐ The biggest factor is the suspended order for two plants in Indonesia.

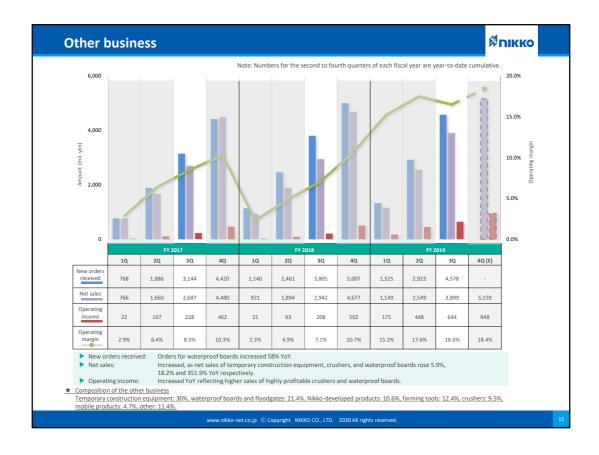


- New orders received for BP were up 10.4% year on year and net sales rose significantly by 31.9%. Maintenance service was in line with the previous year's level.
- ☐ Profit margin worsened slightly compared with the previous fiscal year and a year before that.
- As we have been explaining, in the BP business we have been following a strategy to win orders by lowering prices for major projects competing with rivals and for customers who have multiple plants in order to expand our market share.

This partially lead to the weak profit margin this time.



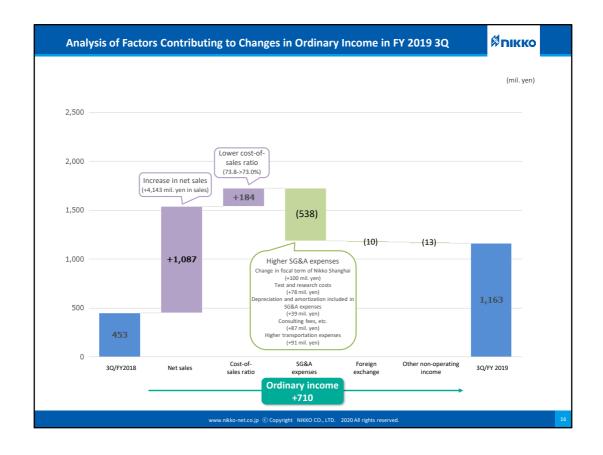
- ☐ The features of the environmental and conveyor business in this fiscal year is that customers accepted price increase of conveyer products and this has contributed to profits.
- □ On the other hand, there are no large-scale environmental projects in this fiscal year and its contribution to the segment was small.



- We received an inquiry regarding other business as to what its contents are, and we have described that at the bottom of the slide.
- ☐ In particular, waterproof boards, temporary construction equipment, and crushers have been strong in this fiscal year.

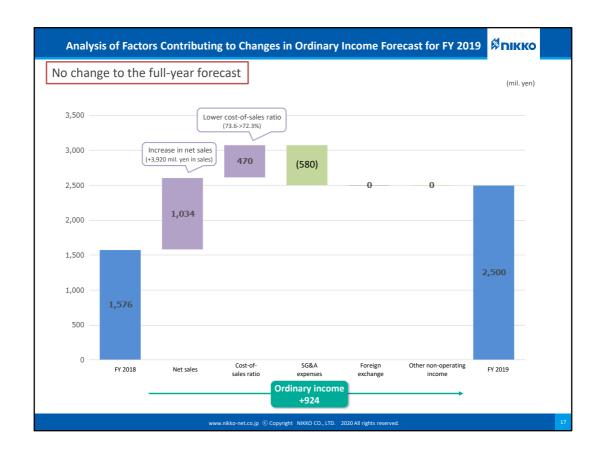
Of these products, demand for waterproof boards has been strong, increasing drastically by 352% compared with a year earlier, probably due to the impact of flood disasters over the last two years.

- ☐ In addition, margins of both crushers and waterproof boards are high and this has boosted operating income, which has been remaining at a high level.
- Every year, sales of water gates are recorded in the fourth quarter, so we expect it to end with better figures compared with the initial forecasts.



- ☐ This is an analysis of factors contributing to changes in ordinary income in the third quarter of the current fiscal year.
- ☐ In this fiscal year, the impact of profit increase from net sales will be overwhelmingly large.
- ☐ The reason of the 538 million yen increase in SG&A expenses is described here and the factors of the increase are very positive such as test and research costs, depreciation and amortization, consulting fees, and an increase in transportation expenses reflecting an increase in shipment volume.

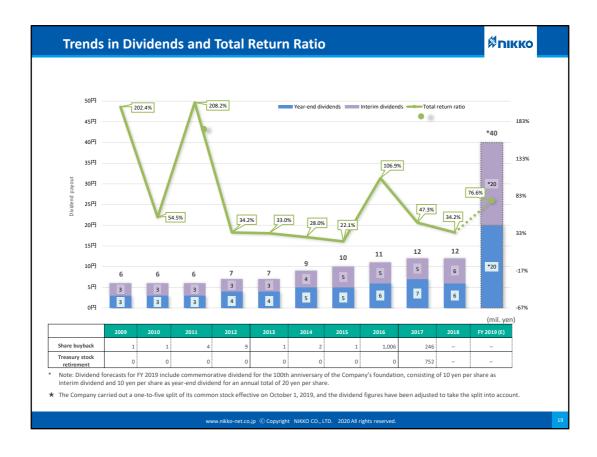
Further, about 100 million yen in SG&A expenses is recorded for the three months due to the change in fiscal term of Nikko Shanghai.

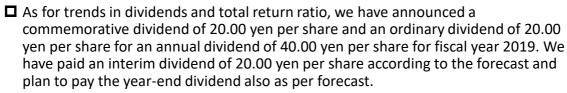


- ☐ In full year, we expect ordinary income to increase 924 million yen compared with the previous year.
- We are expecting the impact of the increase in net sales and a decline in costof-sales ratio.
- A major factor for the decline in the cost-of-sales ratio is that sales of maintenance service, whose margin is high, is concentrated in the fourth quarter.

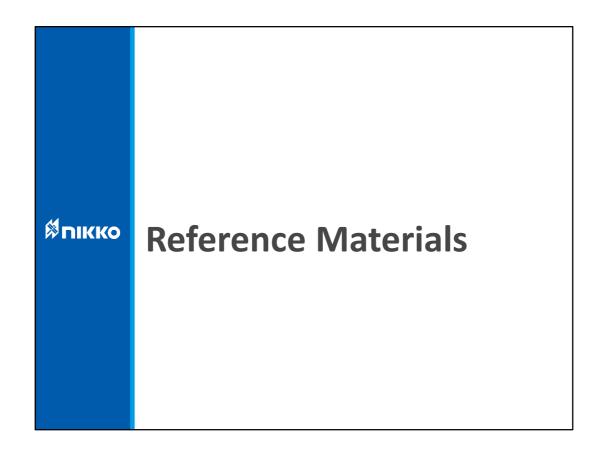
						(mil. ye
		3Q/FY2018	3Q/FY 2019	Change	Main factors in year-on-year	r change
Assets	Current assets	28,897	29,616	+719	Increases: Cash and deposits Notes and accounts receivable trade Finish ed goods and merchandise Raw materials and supplies: Decrease: Electronically recorded monetary claims Workington State of the Cash of the	+1,733 mil. yen +813 mil. yen +179 mil. yen +124 mil. yen (824) mil. yen (853) mil. yen (374) mil. yen
	Property and equipment	6,496	7,214	+718	Increases: Buildings and structures Land	+339 mil. yen +111 mil. yen
	Intangible assets	365	387	+67	Construction in progress Deferred tax assets Decreases:Investment securities	+160 mil. yen +141 mil. yen (489) mil. yen
	Investments and other assets	7,622	7,214	(1,565)		
Total asse	ets	43,382	44,433	+1,051		
Liabilities	Current liabilities	10,822	11,125	+303	Increases: Notes and accounts payable-trade Electronically recorded monetary claims Accounts payable-factoring Decreases:Accounts payable Advanced received	+187 mil.yen +382 mil.yen +583 mil.yen (141) mil.yen (723) mil.yen
Eldomeico	Long-term liabilities	2,928	2,920	(8)	Advanced received	(723)1111. yell
Total net	assets	29,631	30,387	+330	Increases: Capital surplus Retained earnings Decrease: Valuation difference on available-for-sales Foreign currency translation adjustment Treasury stock	+109 mil. yen +747 mil. yen ecurities (179) mil. yen (110) mil. yen (156) mil. yen
Net asset	s per share (yen)	773.30	783.75	+10.45		
		one-to-five split of its com			ing of the previous fiscal year.	

- ☐ This is a comparison with the balance sheet a year ago.
- □ Total assets increased by 1,000 million yen overall. The breakdown is, up 700 million yen in current assets and up another 700 million yen in property and equipment, while investments and other assets declined 1,500 million yen.
- ☐ There is no major change in liabilities. Net assets were up 330 million yen.
- Major factors behind the changes are described on the right. Cash and deposits increased by 1,700 million yen and the biggest reason is a decline in required operating funds and sales of strategic shareholdings.





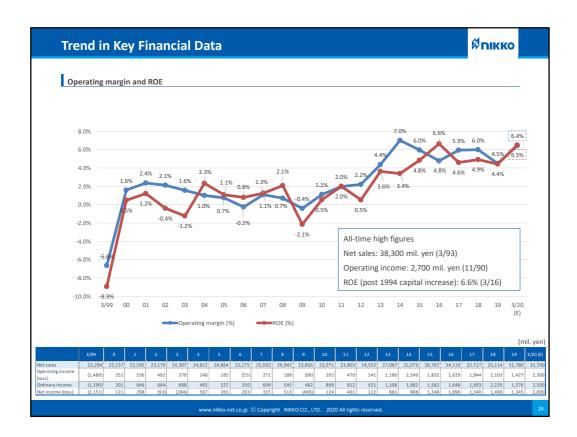
- ☐ There will be no commemorative dividend of 20.00 yen per share from the next fiscal year on.
- ☐ However, as we announced at the time of Medium-Term Management Plan presentation, we consider to double the dividend payout ratio to 60% from the next fiscal year on, compared with the roughly 30% payout ratio until now.
- We did not carry out share buyback in fiscal year 2018 nor have done it so far in fiscal year 2019.
 - Our position regarding share buyback from the next fiscal year on is neutral as of now, but we believe that the environment is turning favorable for share buyback.
- Earlier, our number of shareholders was slightly above 2,000 and we were not able to reduce the number of shareholders by carrying out share buyback. However, since the number of shareholders exceeded 4,000 as of the end of September, it is no longer necessary to worry too much about the number of shareholders.
- ☐ For this reason, I think share buyback will also become one of the measures to consider for shareholder returns from the next fiscal year onwards.



												(mil. yer
			FY 2	017		FY 2018				FY 2019		
		1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q
Net	sales	6,179	9,974	7,992	10,969	5,415	9,282	5,721	11,362	8,001	9,139	7,422
	AP-related business	2,768	4,664	4,155	5,592	2,361	5,472	2,460	6,140	3,917	4,750	3,789
	BP-related business	2,236	3,370	1,291	2,624	1,671	2,199	1,612	2,410	2,442	2,127	1,722
	Environment- and conveyor-related business	407	1,046	1,519	959	462	636	601	1,075	492	861	561
	Other business	766	894	1,027	1,793	921	973	1,048	1,734	1,149	1,400	1,350
Ope	rating income	48	760	393	902	(26)	500	(167)	1,120	276	683	81
	AP-related business	100	350	318	580	42	373	(132)	680	222	454	(53)
	BP-related business	145	524	68	278	66	292	23	285	110	187	89
	Environment- and conveyor-related business	24	77	115	92	59	49	146	163	80	139	174
	Other business	22	85	121	234	21	72	115	294	175	273	196
	Corporate expenses	(244)	(275)	(231)	(281)	(216)	(286)	(318)	(302)	(313)	(370)	(322
	Ordinary income	161	764	431	883	87	508	(142)	1,123	361	673	129
N	et income attributable to owners of parent	182	561	308	439	130	434	(2)	783	270	733	(33
	Cash flow from operating activities		27	7.4			(21	0)				
	Cash flow from investing activities	274 41				(1,0						
	Total dividend	232	4.	191		267	(1,0	229	_	229		775
	Share buyback	232 – 191 –				207			0			

Trends in New Orders Received and Order Backlog per Business Segment ₿пікко (Cumulative) (mil. yen) New orders FY 2017 FY 2019 FY 2018 received 1Q 2Q 4Q 1Q 2Q 3Q 4Q 1Q 2Q 3Q (cumulative) 2,803 8,254 10,572 17,182 2,787 6,501 8,137 18,884 3,575 8,419 11,196 BP-related business 4,274 6,430 9,066 1,351 5,720 6,315 Environment- and conveyor-related business 864 1,517 2,162 2,947 413 1,056 1,987 2,773 1,187 1,787 449 3,805 768 1.886 3,144 4,420 1.140 2.461 5,007 1,325 2.923 4,578 Total 5,896 15,933 22,309 33,616 5,693 13,854 19,650 35,103 7,320 16,843 23,877 End-of-term order FY 2017 FY 2018 FY 2019 backlog AP-related business 6,391 7,178 5,341 6,359 6,784 5,027 4,203 8,808 8,466 8,561 7,548 BP-related business 2,018 2,883 2,894 2,575 2,858 2,572 3,132 3,439 2,967 3,184 3,464 Environment- and conveyor-related business 1,827 1,434 560 387 338 345 675 385 342 219 258 553 776 1,008 490 710 1,058 1,352 820 997 1,194 1,498 Total 12,773 11,346 11,408 9,793 10,132 10,409 13,454 13,158 9,289 9,364 12,769

Trends in Capital Investment, Depreciation and Amortization, R&D Й⊓ІККО **Expenses, and Nonfinancial Data** (mil. yen) FY 2019 FY 2011 FY 2012 FY 2013 FY 2014 FY 2015 FY 2016 FY 2017 FY 2018 estimates 292 335 844 815 877 1,261 550 1,889 800 Capital investment 389 432 395 422 487 482 472 508 550 Depreciation and amortization 239 256 295 276 227 271 291 211 300 R&D exper (persons, years old, or years) Employees (consolidated): Average age of employees (non-consolidated) 775 763 767 796 803 797 807 799 44.2 44.7 43.3 43.1 42.2 42.3 42.2 40.9 Average years of service (non-consolidated) 21.5 21.2 20 19.3 18.2 18.5 18.3 16.0 Female employees (non-consolidated) 28 31 31 33 39 42 42 45 Female employees (non-consolicated) Number of new-graduate hires (non-consolidated) Number of female new-graduate hires (non-consolidated) Percentage of female hires (non-consolidated) 13 15 21 21 30 17 19 15 1 0 1 0 0 1 7.6% 0% 4.7% 14.2% 3.3% 11.7% 0% 0% Number of foreign-national hires (non-consolidated) Number of foreign-national employees (non-0 1 6 0 0 0 1 2 2 8 6 6 6 consolidated) Foreign national employees (consolidated) 92 90 91 95 94 93 101 98 95 92 92 90 91 91 101 98 New products for reducing environmental impact [Sand dryer] [Newly designed bag [Foamed asphalt [High-temperature [NTB-II burner] [VP Series APs] filter] manufacturing equipment] preheating burner] Energy saving Space saving Preventing diffusion of production - Higher combustion efficiency in Energy saving Exhaust gas reduction Support for manufacture efficiency environ impact of warm-mix asphalt odorous gas Energy saving combustion range Low noise





Please feel free to contact us if you desire a meeting or have other requests.

(Meetings in Tokyo are also possible.)

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Contact: Hachiken, Financial Division, Nikko Co., Ltd.

- Future projections and other forward-looking statements in this material were prepared based on information currently available to the management.
- These statements contain risks and uncertainties, such as changes in performance outlook due to the financial situation for the Company in Japan and abroad, industry trends, product demand and supply, advances in new technology, and other factors. Accordingly, investment decisions should not be made based only on the forward-looking statements in this material.

 Note also that forward-looking statements in this material are subject to change without prior notice, except where procedures are required by